

	Per lei farei qualsiasi/qualunque cosa <i>I would do anything for her</i>	Qualsiasi/qualunque cosa are used to say anything (whatever, at all).
whatever, whichever	Avrai successo, qualsiasi corso tu scelga <i>You'll be successful whatever/whichever course you choose</i> Qualsiasi cosa tu possa dire, non ti crederò <i>Whatever you say I won't believe you</i>	Qualsiasi and qualunque are often followed by a verb in the subjunctive. See p. 308.

⊕ Esercizi

5 Answer the questions in Italian taking care to give the correct equivalent of *any*.

- (a) A che ora ti chiardo? – *At any time.* (c) Che vino beviamo? – *Any one you want.*
 (b) Che colore preferisci? – *Any colour is fine.* (d) Un whiskey? Che marca vuoi? – *Any will do.*

6 Give the English equivalent of the following.

- (a) Accetterò la tua decisione, qualunque sia. (b) Per lui Elisabetta farebbe qualsiasi cosa.

◎+ 12.3 Indefinite adjectives and pronouns

The following indefinites agree in number and gender with the noun they refer to, and all adjectives precede the noun.

(a) *Tutto, tanto, molto, parecchio, troppo, poco*

tutto everything	Ho sistemato tutto <i>I've arranged everything</i> Lo saono tutti <i>Everyone knows it</i>	These pronouns are used in a general sense to mean <i>everything</i> and <i>everyone</i> .
tutto/a/i/e all	Sono venuti/e tutti/tutte <i>They all came/ Everyone came</i> La mangi tutta? (la pizza) <i>Will you eat it all/all of it?</i>	When the pronoun tutto refers to specific people or things, it agrees with the noun it refers to.
tutto + article all, the whole, every	Ho lavorato tutta la giornata <i>I've worked all/the whole day</i> Tutti i bambini vanno a scuola <i>All children go to school</i> Lavoro tutti i giorni <i>I work every day</i>	As an adjective tutto is followed by a noun with the definite article.
tutto/a quanto/a absolutely everything, the entire/whole lot	Ho fatto tutto quanto possibile <i>I've done absolutely everything possible</i> Il dolce era squisito, l'ho mangiato tutto quanto <i>The pudding was delicious, I ate the (whole) lot</i> Ho girato tutta quanta l'isola <i>I've been round the entire island</i>	Tutto/a quanto/a can be a pronoun or an adjective. Both tutto and quanto agree with the noun they refer to. When followed by a noun, the definite article is always used.
tutti/e quanti/e absolutely all/ every single one	Andiamo tutti quanti a Parigi <i>All/Every (single) one of us is going to Paris</i> Vengono tutte quante le ragazze? <i>Are absolutely all the girls coming?</i> Tutti quanti i biglietti sono stati prenotati <i>Absolutely all the tickets/Every single ticket has been booked</i>	Note that tutti/e quanti/e is followed by plural nouns.

For **tutti/e due** **tutti/e tre**, *both*, *all three*, etc., see 12.4, p. 173.

Like **tutto** the adjectives are

molto, poco,
parecchio,
troppo

(b) *Alcuni, alcuna, alcuno*

In the following

alcuni/e
some, a few

certi/e *certain*
some, a few
un certo/una certa *a certain*

vari/e, diversi
various, several
quite a few, a number of
+

(c) *Altro, altro/a, altri/e*

(un) altro/a
another
altri/e *other*

altrettanto/a/i
just as much, just as many
+

For **altro** meaning